

# 2025 SESSION CALENDAR

Note: 60 session days (days when members convene in their respective chambers), the session day count appears in a box on the lower-right, like this. ►► # bills resolutions budget See reverse side for more deadline information.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
<b>JANUARY</b>		14	15 Opening Day	16	17 Non-Admin. Bill Package & Grants/ Subsidies Cutoff	18
19	20 <i>HOLIDAY</i> Martin Luther King, Jr. Day	21 State-of-the-State Address & Admin. Bill Package Cutoff	22 Recess #1	23 Bill Intro Cutoff	24 Recess #2	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	
<b>FEBRUARY</b>						1
2	3	4	5 First Triple Referral Filing (House Bills)	6 First Triple Referral Filing (Senate Bills)	7	8
9	10	11	12	13 First Lateral Filing (Bills)	14 First Lateral (Bills)	15
16	17 <i>HOLIDAY</i> Presidents' Day	18	19	20 Mandatory 5-Day Recess Begins	21	22
23	24	25	26 Mandatory 5-Day Recess Ends	27	28 First Decking (Bills)	
<b>MARCH</b>						1
2	3 Recess #3	4	5 Recess #4	6 First Crossover (Bills)	7 Subst. Resolution Cutoff	8
9	10 Budget Decking	11	12 Budget Crossover	13 Second Triple Referral Filing	14	15
16	17	18	19	20 Second Lateral Filing (Bills)	21 Second Lateral (Bills)	22
23	24 First Lateral (Senate Concurrent Resolutions)	25	26 <i>HOLIDAY</i> Kuhio Day	27	28 First Lateral (House Concurrent Resolutions)	29
30	31					
<b>APRIL</b>		1	2	3 First Crossover (Concurrent Resolutions)	4 Second Decking (Bills)	5
6	7 Recess #5	8	9 Recess #6	10 Second Crossover (Bills) & Disagree	11	12
13	14	15	16	17 Constitutional Amendments	18 <i>HOLIDAY</i> Good Friday	19
20	21 Second Crossover (Concurrent Resolutions)	22	23	24 Final Decking (Non-Fiscal Bills)	25 Final Decking (Fiscal Bills)	26
27	28 Recess #7	29 Recess #8	30	<b>MAY 1</b> Recess #9	2 Adjournment <i>Sine Die</i> (Session pau!)	3

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## A GUIDE TO THE DEADLINES

**JAN 15 OPENING DAY** – Hawaii’s constitution mandates that the regular legislative session starts at 10:00 a.m. on the third Wednesday of January.

**JAN 17 LAST DAY TO INTRODUCE ALL NON-ADMINISTRATION BILL PACKAGES** – Bills bundled together by common interest groups and accepted and labeled as a package by the clerks. You can view the various packages of legislation by clicking on the “[Reports and Lists](#)” button on [capitol.hawaii.gov](#).

**& LAST DAY FOR ORGANIZATIONS TO SUBMIT GRANT AND SUBSIDY REQUESTS** – Deadline for “Grant-in-Aid” (GIA) applications. Grants may be appropriated to nonprofit and other organizations for various public purposes that are recognized as priorities and are seen as complimentary to state government functions. Applications, information, and more specifics regarding the deadline appear under “[Legislative Information](#)” on [capitol.hawaii.gov](#).

**JAN 21 STATE-OF-THE-STATE ADDRESS** – The Governor’s annual address to the assembled joint legislature. The address presents an opportunity for the Governor to report on affairs of state, and to put forth recommendations and initiatives. Many visitors come to the Capitol to hear the Governor’s speech and witness the proceedings from the gallery (accessible on the ground floor/atrium level).

**& LAST DAY TO INTRODUCE ADMINISTRATION BILL PACKAGE** – This is what is known as the “Governor’s Package.” The bills are prepared by executive branch agencies for consideration by the legislature and are introduced on behalf of the executive branch by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. View the package of legislation by clicking on the “[Reports and Lists](#)” button on [capitol.hawaii.gov](#).

**JAN 23 LAST DAY TO INTRODUCE BILLS** – A bill is “introduced” when it has been filed with the House or Senate Clerk, who gives it a number (with an HB or SB prefix) and then puts it on the calendar for First Reading by the chamber. After First Reading, it is given its committee referrals which specify which committees must hear and pass the measure for it to succeed. Only legislators may introduce bills. [Note: At introduction, each bill is given a “Bill Status” webpage that can be accessed via the Legislature’s website and used to track all the measure’s activity.]

**FEB 5 (HOUSE) & 6 (SENATE) FIRST TRIPLE REFERRAL FILING** – All bills referred to three or more committees must be filed so that they can be in their second-to-last committee by the following day. (Note: A referral to a joint committee counts as one committee referral.) This deadline allows ample time for successful bills to make their way to the last committee in their originating chamber by the First Lateral deadline.

**FEB 13 FIRST LATERAL FILING (BILLS)** – Filing Deadline for First Lateral Bills.

**FEB 14 FIRST LATERAL (BILLS)** – All bills referred to more than one committee (i.e., those with multiple referrals) must move to their final committee in the originating chamber by this day.

**FEB 20-26 MANDATORY 5-DAY RECESS** – Hawaii’s Constitution mandates a 5-day recess between the 20<sup>th</sup> and 40<sup>th</sup> days of the regular session. Neither the House of Representatives nor the Senate convene or assemble formally in chamber on recess days. Committee hearings do take place, however.

**FEB 28 FIRST DECKING (BILLS)** – Deadline for bills to emerge from all their committees (with committee reports filed) and be submitted to the clerk of the originating chamber. This “decking” ensures a mandatory 48-hour opportunity for final review by the chamber’s members before being asked to vote on the third reading. Note: A bill must pass three readings (votes) in each chamber before being enrolled to the governor.

**MAR 6 FIRST CROSSOVER (BILLS)** – Deadline for bills to pass third reading in order to move (or “crossover”) to the other chamber. If successful, House bills are sent to the Senate and Senate bills are sent to the House for further consideration.

**MAR 7 LAST DAY TO INTRODUCE SUBSTANTIVE RESOLUTIONS** – Resolutions are legislative measures which may request action of a government entity or state the legislature’s position on an issue. They do not have the force and effect of law, require only one reading in chamber, and are not enrolled to the Governor.

**MAR 10 BUDGET DECKING** – Deadline for submitting the budget bill for third reading. The State Budget is developed by the Governor and estimates expenditures for the fiscal year or biennium and the proposed means of financing these expenditures.

**MAR 12 BUDGET CROSSOVER** – Last day for third reading of budget bill in order to move to the other chamber.

**MAR 13 SECOND TRIPLE REFERRAL FILING** – All bills referred to three or more committees must be filed so that they can be in their second-to-last committee in the non-originating chamber by the following day. (Note: A referral to a joint committee counts as one committee referral.) This deadline allows ample time for successful bills to make their way to their last committee by the Second Lateral deadline.

**MAR 20 SECOND LATERAL FILING (BILLS)** – Filing Deadline for Second Lateral Bills

**MAR 21 SECOND LATERAL (BILLS)** – All bills with multiple referrals must move to their final referral committee in the non-originating chamber by this date.

**MAR 24 (SENATE) & 28 (HOUSE) FIRST LATERAL FOR CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS** – Concurrent resolutions require adoption in each chamber and are used to state the official position of the Legislature on an issue, or to request action formally without having to mandate it by law. All concurrent resolutions with multiple referrals must move to their final committee in the originating chamber by this date.

**APR 3 FIRST CROSSOVER FOR CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS** – Deadline for passing the single reading required for resolutions in order to move from the originating chamber to the other chamber.

**APR 4 SECOND DECKING (BILLS)** – Deadline for submitting bills that have been amended by the non-originating chamber to emerge from all their committees (with committee reports filed) and be submitted to the clerk of that chamber. This “decking” ensures a mandatory 48-hour opportunity for final review by the non-originating chamber’s members before third reading.

**APR 10 SECOND CROSSOVER (BILLS)** – Deadline for amended bills to pass third reading in their non-originating chamber in order to “cross back” to the originating chamber.

**& LAST DAY FOR THE ORIGINATING BODY TO DISAGREE WITH BILL AMENDMENTS** – Deadline for the originating chamber to disagree with changes made to its bills by the other chamber. When the Senate and House disagree on a bill, members from each chamber may meet in a “conference” committee to work out their differences.

**APR 17 DEADLINE FOR FINAL FORM OF BILLS PROPOSING CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS** – A proposed amendment’s final form must be provided by written notice to the Governor at least 10 days prior to passing final reading by a 2/3 vote in each chamber. Once adopted by the Legislature, the proposed amendment is submitted to the voters, in the form of a ‘yes or no’ question on the ballot, for ultimate decision.

**APR 21 SECOND CROSSOVER FOR CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS** – Deadline for passing amended concurrent resolutions in the non-originating chamber in order to “cross back” to the originating chamber.

**APR 24 FINAL DECKING OF NON-FISCAL BILLS** – Deadline for submitting non-fiscal bills for final reading by both chambers.

**APR 25 FINAL DECKING OF FISCAL BILLS** – Deadline for submitting fiscal bills for final reading by both chambers. Fiscal bills include appropriation or spending bills, tax credits, etc., or any bill with a House Finance (FIN) or Senate Ways and Means (WAM) referral.

**MAY 2 ADJOURNMENT SINE DIE** – In Latin, “sine die” means “without a day” specified for next meeting. Adjournment sine die occurs on the 60<sup>th</sup> legislative day of a regular session and indicates a suspension of the business of the legislature indefinitely. From this point, the Legislature will certify bills whose form both chambers have agreed to and will transmit or “enroll” those bills to the Governor. Contact PAR for information regarding the Governor’s deadlines.