

Hawai'i State Capitol

### **Legislative Branch**

State Senate, State House of Representatives, Office of the Auditor, Office of the Ombudsman, Legislative Reference Bureau

The Legislative branch creates laws and approves the State Budget.

- 25 Senators (elected to 4-year terms)
- 51 Representatives (elected to 2-year terms)

Meets for a 2-year part-time Legislative Session beginning in an odd numbered year and ending in an even numbered year. Each year, the session begins on the third Wednesday in January and lasts 60 "session" days (approximately 100 calendar days).

#### The Legislature can:

- Introduce and pass bills for enactment.
- Override the Governor's vetoes.
- Approve the Governor's cabinet and judicial appointments.
- Impeach the Governor or Lt. Governor.
- Control State taxation and spending.
- Approve the Chief Justice's judicial appointments.
- Send amendments (passed in bill form) of the State Constitution to the voters for action.

# STATE OF HAWAI'I BRANCHES OF GOVERNMENT



**Judicial Branch** 

Supreme Court: Intermediate Court

of Appeals; Circuit Courts; Family

Courts; Land Court; Tax Appeal

Court: Environmental Courts: District

Courts: Office of the Administrative

Director of the Courts. numerous

Judiciary programs

The Judicial Branch in the State of

Hawai'i is a unified court system that

functions under the Chief Justice of

the Hawai'i State Supreme Court.

administers justice in accordance

Rule on criminal or civil cases.

question interpretation of the

Declare an Executive Order

Rule a law unconstitutional.

\* Accounting & General Services; Agriculture;

Attorney General; Budget & Finance; Business,

Consumer Affairs: Corrections & Rehabilitation:

Defense; Education; Hawaiian Home Lands;

Economic Development & Tourism; Commerce &

Health: Human Resources Development: Human

Services: Labor & Industrial Relations: Land &

Natural Resources: Law Enforcement: Taxation:

with laws of the State of Hawai'i.

This branch of government

The Judicial Branch can:

Make common law.

State Constitution.

unconstitutional.

Appoint Judges.

Rule on court cases that

## Executive Branch

Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Cabinet, Departments\* and University of Hawai'i (UH)

The Executive branch ensures that State laws are executed.

- Governor (elected to 4-year terms)
- Lieutenant Governor (elected to 4-year terms)
- 18 State Departments\*

   (department heads compose the Governor's cabinet, and are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate)
- University of Hawai'i system (administered by the 11 member UH Board of Regents who are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate)

#### The Governor can:

- Propose legislation to the Legislature.
- Sign bills passed by the Legislature into law, or allow them to become law without signature.
- Veto bills passed by the Legislature.
- Call the Legislature into Special Session.
- Appoint cabinet heads.
- Issue Executive Orders.
- Appoint Judges and Justices.
- Grant reprieves, commutations, and pardons.



Ali'iolani Hale Home of the State's Supreme Court

### Office of Hawaiian Affairs (OHA)

### OHA Board of Trustees, OHA Administrator, various programs

Established by Article XII of the Constitution of the State of Hawai'i following amendments proposed by the 1978 State of Hawai'i Constitutional Convention, and subsequent approval of the amendments by Hawai'i voters in the November 1978 General Election.

OHA is a semi-autonomous State agency responsible for promoting and protecting the rights of Native Hawaiians.

- 9 members of the Board of Trustees (*elected to 4-year terms*)
- OHA Administrator/CEO (appointed by OHA Board of Trustees)



Public Access Room (PAR), website Irb.hawaii.gov/par, phone (808) 587-0478, email par@capitol.hawaii.gov (3/5/2024)

Transportation